MANY MEASURES PASSED BY THE FIRST SES-SION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Complete Summary of Every Measure That Became a Law as a Result of the Recent Session of Lawmakers at Santa Fe-County Salaries Fixed, Bond Measures Adopted, P enal Laws Passed and Court Procedure Agreed Upon.

Santa Fe. N. M., July I.—Below is given a resume of the laws of the first legislature which will be printed under the direction of the secretary of state, but which will not be available for about 60 days. The following summary, however, contains the saltent features of the various measures: features of the various measures: features of the various measures: Introduced by Mr. Senste bill No. 2, introduced by Mr. Senste bill to be to per acre for the m der the direction of the secretary of state, but which will not be available for about 60 days. The following summary, however, contains the salient

mary, however, contains the saltent features of the various measures.

Senate bill No. 2, introduced by Mr. Hinkle, fixes the time for holding the regular term of the district court in the fifth judicial district. It provides for two terms annually in each of the four counties of the district as follows: Eddy county, second Monday in January and first Monday in September; Curry county, second Monday in February, and fourth Monday in September; Roosevelt county, second Monday in March and second Monday in October; Chaves county, second Monday in April and first Monday in November. Senate substitute for senate bill No. 11 and 67, originals introduced by Messrs. Walton and Suizer, respectively, provides legal rates for publications. Delinquent tax lists shall be published at a cost of not to exceed eight cents per line of eight point type for the first insertion and five cents a line for subsequent insertions. All other legal publications shall be line for subsequent insertions. All other legal publications shall be charged for at the rate of 30 cents per 100 ems of the type used, for the first insertion, and 20 cents for each subsequent insertion. Penalty For Overcharge.

Penalty For Overcharge.

A penalty for overcharging is provided not to exceed a fine of \$500. Delinquent tax lists hereafter are to be published only once a year and the tax lists and all legal notices in connection with sults in court must be published in an English newspaper once a week for four weeks. Proceedings of county commissioners and city councils are not required to be published, except by the decision of the commissioners or councilmen, and then only once and in English. Articles of incorporation and allied publications are to once and in English. Articles of incorporation and allied publications are to be published only twice. Pire and life insurance companies must publish annually a financial statement. A Spanish newspaper is defined as one in which at least 20 percent of the matter is printed in Spanish. Existing laws were repeated and the new law carried the emergency clause, and became effective June 10.

Branding Stock: Paying a Judge.

Branding Stock: Paying a Judge.

Fage, fixes the times for holding court in the second judicial district.

Senate substitute for senate bill No. 40, introduced by Mr. Walton, fixes the times for holding the terms of the district court in the sixth judicial district.

To Study Effects of Liquor.

Senate bill No. 81, introduced by Mr. Walton, provides a pemity for depositing fifth, rubbish or carcasses on or along public highways or near inbelited dwellings

Protection for Dogs and Cats.
Senate bill No. 82, introduced by Mr.
Walton, creates property rights in
dogs, cats, and other demestic animals

logs, cats, and other domestic animals, and provides penalties for injuring or cilling of dogs cats, etc.

Senate bill No. 86, introduced by Mr. Pankey, relates to the procedure becore the corporation commission, and lefines the duties and powers of the

Bond Issues For Cities.

Senate substitute for senate bill No. 95, original introduced by Dr. Doepp, provides that incorporated cities, towns

Senate bill No. 96, introduced by Mr.

Holt, provides that convicts of good conduct, who work as mechanics, fore-men, trustles, and others who work

outside the walls of the penitentlary, shall receive 10 days a month additional good time per month.

al good time per mouth.

Protecting the Jalis.

Senate bill No. 97, introduced by Mr. Holt, makes it a felony to furnish to any prisoner within the state, morphine, cocaine, whisky or other furng or other form of liquor whatever, and the penalty is fixed at from three to seven years.

Brandlag Stock: Paying a Judge.

Senate bill No. 15, introduced by Mr. Senate bill No. 15, introduced by Mr. Stall brands of livestock. It provides duatall brands must be rerecorded at a cost of 25 cents each. This law was suggested by the cattle sanitary board, and is intended to do away with some 25,000 obsolete brands now on record. Senate bill No. 27, introduced by B. Senate bill No. 28, introduced by Simplify the process of incorporating, but cutting out all after the word "territory" in the fifth line of the section. Protecting Power Line and Wells.

Senate bill No. 18, introduced by Mr. Walton, amends section 1 of chapter 141 of the laws of 1902, so as to greatly simplify the process of incorporating, but cutting out all after the word "territory" in the fifth line of the section.

Protecting Power Line and Wells.

Senate bill No. 16, introduced by Mr. Walton, provides that it shall be a majority of the electors favor the proposition at a special election, the bonds, and the state educational institutions on these subjects.

Senate bill No. 16, introduced by Mr. Walton, amends section 1 of chapter 141 of the laws of 1902, so as to greatly simplify the process of incorporating, but cutting out all after the word "territory" in the lifth line of the section, the bonds, and the volting population and subjects of the public leaded in all branches of study taught in the public schools, and all process of the public leaded in all branches of study taught in the public schools, and the state educational institutions on these subjects.

Senate bill No. 16, introduced by Mr. Walton, amends section 1 of chapter 141 of the laws of the laws of 1902, so as to greatly simplify the process of incorporating, but cutting out all after the word "territory" in the lifth line of the section, the bull No. 164, introduced by Mr. Walton, amends sufety was at stake, as outlined in the

Senate bill No. 28, Introduced by Mr. fixed the time for holding the ar terms of court in the fourth

regular terms of court in the fourth judicial district.

County High Schools.

Senate substitute for senate bill No. 28, original introduced by Mrs. Crampton. provides that county high schools may be established in counties having a population of 5,000 or more if a majority of the voters and women possessing the qualifications of voters so decide at a special election called following the presentation of a petition signed by one-fifth of the electors and qualified women of the county, to the board of county commissioners asking that an election be called for that purpose. The commissioners may also levy a special tax not to exceed two mills on the dollar for the maintenance of such school. except that the cost of grounds and erection of building must be borne by the district in which the school is located, which may be done by a bond issue. Only one such high school may be established in one year in any

the bills and resolutions of the session, and carried a small appropriation for mailing out the bills, etc., to newapapers and others.

Senate bill No. 3L, introduced by Mr. Bowman, authorized the state anditor and state treasurer to transfer money from the various funds to the legislature with the same state. Senate bill No. 36, introduced by Mr. Senate bill No. 36, introduced by Mr.

State Land Office.

Senate bill No. 36, introduced by Mr. Pankey, provides for the creation of the state land office, its organization and maintenance, defines the duties of the Jand commissioner, provides for the management, control and disposal of the state lands, for the care and disposal of the state lands, for the care and disposal of the state lands for the care and disposal of the state lands for the care and disposal of the state lands for the care and disposal of the state lands for the care and location of lands heretofore or hereafter granted to the state. It makes the commissioner of public lands, the chief executive officer, provides for his employes and their salaries, to be paid from the state lands maintenance fund, which is created by the accumulation of 20 percentum of the lacome from which is created by the accumulation of 20 percentum of the income from the state lands. Minimum rent is fixed at two percentum of the true value of the land as accertained by appraise-

OPEN LETTER TO PHYSICIANS

You will agree that the following presents an incurable case so far as Digitalis, Nitro Glycerine. Easham's Digitalia, Natro Giycerine. Dashala's Mixture, etc., are concerned:
Chronic Bright's Disease of the kidneys, patient in convulsions nearly every day for three weeks, twenty pounds of the patient's weight being

Patient-W. E. Strickland, address 45

Patient-W. E. Strickland, address to Verona Place, San Francisco.
Patient's physician, Dr. Kelley, told him there was no hope.
E. L. Baldwin, president of the Ferry Drug Store, No. 20 Market Street, was instrumental in having Fulton's Renal Compound put to the test in this case. There was gradual improvement thereafter and final recovery. That it was complete may be known from the fact that this was about seven years ago and he was well at last advices a few months ago.

menths ago.

The motive of Fulten's Renal Compound (a mild infusion) is to stop the degeneration in renal tissues and gradually relax the obstructed kidney. Then the usual heart, climinative and tonic treatment is helpful (there is no conflict) and the conflict) and the prognosis charges from despair to hope. (When not ex-treme many cases recover under the

Renal Compound alone.)
The substance of the formula sur-rounds each bettle.

Mr. Walton, changed the name of Whisky creek, in Silver City, to Rio de Arenas.

Interest Rates Are Fixed.

Senate bill No. 130, introduced by Mr. Holt, provides that for negotiating or securing any loan, no person, association, etc., shall charge more than four percent on any sum under \$500, on a loan exceeding \$500, and not exceeding \$2,000, four percent for the first \$500, and three per cent on the remainder, and on toans over \$2,000, four percent on the first \$1,000, and two percent on the remainder.

Senate bill No. 125, introduced by Mr. Laughren, amends section 2 of chapter 117, laws of 38th legislative assembly, to the effect that the territory embraced in incorporated village shall not be less than one mile square, nor more than three miles square, and must have at least 150 inhabitants.

Crime Conviction Bur to Office.

Senate bill No. 147, introduced by Mr. Gallegos, provides that no person convicted of a felonious or infamous crime shall be elected or appointed to any public office in this state, or to any district, county or municipal position, unless such person has been pardoned or restored to political rights.

Senate bill No. 153, introduced by Mr. Holt, provides that in civil cases summons and copy of complaint must be served by sheriff of county where defendant may be found or by any other person not a party to the action and over 18 years of age. Delivering a copy to defendant, reading it to him, or the defendant's refusal to receive it or hear it read shall constitute good tervice in law. If defendant is absent it may be served on anyone in his home over 15 years of age. Delivering a copy to defendant reading it to him, or the defendant's refusal to receive it or hear it read shall constitute good tervice in law. If defendant is absent it may be served on anyone in his home over 15 years of age. Delivering a copy to defendant specific victor on a railroad company may be had on any station agent.

Delinguent Taxes Go to Roads. shall be limited by the side and end lines projected vertically downward.

Locating Mining Claims.

Locators of mining claims.

Locators of mining claims shall file notice of their location with the state land office, and pay \$1 therefor. Following the filing of this notice, the land commissioner issues a permit good for 30 days for the prospecting for mineral on the claim. If at the end of that time g shaft or open cut at least 10 feet deep has been made and ore discovered, a lease for five years may then be secured upon the payment of an annual rental of \$15, plus two percentum of the smelter returns from the mine. Petroleum and gas leases may be secured also not to exceed one section for \$25 a quarter section annually and a royalty of five percentum of the products. Salt leases may be had for a royalty of 10 cents per ton. The commissioner is given the right to contract for the construction of Irrigation systems for state lands. State lands may be sold for cash or upon payments of one-tenth cash, bulance in not to exceed 30 equal payments with interest at four percentum on deferred payments. Upon death of party contracting to buy land on payments, an extension of one year in the payments may be secured. The last few sections have to do with the prevention of forest fires, police powers of the commissioner and penalties for violations of the act.

Sennte bill No. 38, introduced by Mr. Page, fixes the times for holding court in the second judicial district.

Dellinquent Taxes Go to Roads. Senate bill No. 155, introduced by Mr. Holt, provides that all monies collected on ascount of delinquent taxes accruing prior to 1311, shall be paid into the state and county road funds, respectively, in the proporton of the state and county taxes, except that in the discretion of the county commissioners, the county's portion may be turned into the school fund or used to

turned into the school fund or used to pay any approved and ouistanding in debtedness of the county.

Senate bill No. 161, introduced by Mr. Holt, provides for the issuance of half a million dollars in bonds for a system of state highways, provided the people of the state so decide at the general election this fall. The bonds will be in denominations of \$1,000 each, and bear four percentum interest, and will be sold as the state highway commission directs for use in constructing the roads of the state.

Bonds For Good Roads.

Bonds For Good Ronds. Bonds For Good Roads.

Senate bill No. 152, introduced by Mr.
Holt, provides that the various counties of the state may issue bonds to an amount including existing indebtedness, not to exceed four percentum of the value of the taxable property for the construction of roads and bridges. Ten percentum of the voting population may petition the commissioners for an issuance of bonds, and if a majority of the electors favor the proposition at a special election, the bonds shall be issued.

Senate bill No. 163, introduced by Mr.

To Study Effects of Liquor.

Senate substitute for senate bill No.

41, introduced by McCor, provides that
the nature of alcoholic drinks and
narcotics, and special instruction as
to their effects on the human system
shall be included in all branches of
study taught in the public schools, and
indequate instruction is also required
in the state educational institutions on
these subjects.

Senate bill No. 57, introduced by Mr.
Walton, amends section 1 of chapter 141

prevents the waste of subterranean flows of water, and repeals the existing law on the subject. It is very complete and covers the subject thoroughly. It is in conformity with the ideas of the artesian well men of the Peccos valley, who are the principal ones affected by this new law.

period of 60 days. Senate bill No. 168, introduced by Mr. Sarth, repeals section 101 of chapter 1, itle 2, of the compiled laws of 1897, which prohibited bringing herds within arce leagues of a settlement or ranch Senate bill No. 169, introduced by Mr

Senate bill No. 169, introduced by Mr. Gallegos, provides that teachers must pass an examination in history and civics, and same must be taught in public schools of New Mexico with special reference to the history and civics of New Mexico.

State School Tax Fixed.

Senate bill No. 172, introduced by Mr. Hield, provides for a school tax of one-half of one mill on the dollar to be levied in each county, and turned over to state treasurer with the other tax collections. The state treasurer with underly divide this school money into rected by this new law.

To Settle Boundary.

Senate bill No. 66, introduced by Mr. Holt. provides an appropriation of \$2,500 for starting a sult in the supreme court of the United States to finally determine and settle the boundary line between Texas and New Mexico in the Rio Grande valley, between Anthony, N. M., and within a short distance of El Paso, Tex.

Senate bill No. 78, introduced by Mr. Crampton, fixes the time for holding district court in the sighth judicial to state treasurer with the other lax collections. The state treasurer will quarterly divide this school money into two parts, designating one-half as the cufrent school fund, and the other half as the reserve school fund. The state superintendent apportions the current school fund prorata among the counties, but the reserve school fund will be apportioned among the school districts where the regular income and the amount apportioned from the current fund is not sufficient to hald school for five months, in order that at least five months' school may be held in every district in New Mexico. Provision is also made for the county tax levy of not to exceed 15 mills for school purposes, to be known as a special school tax, and a four mill levy to be known as the general county school tax. All laws in conflict with this law are also repealed.

Senate bill No. 92, introduced by Mr. Senate bill No. 92, introduced by Mr. Burns, provides that it shall be a misdemeanor for any efficer or board of New Mexico to contract debts in expension, except levy to be known as the general county school tax. All laws in conflict with this law are also repealed.

The State Appropriation.

Senate bill No. 179, introduced by the committee on finance, makes appropriations for the first fiscal year of the state, commencing Dec. 1, 1912, and deficiency appropriations in all departments up to that date. Among the items provided for are \$30,000 for interest on the public debt, appropriations for all the state institutions, state officials, state library, the various charitable institutions and hospitals, militia, which gets \$3,400 for nay of men during maneuvers and \$2,000 for equipment, mounted police, corporation commission, its employer, and \$16,000 for contingent expenses, and \$50,000 for the construction of Lea hall of the Militry institute. Also \$10,000 for a dormitory for the billed asylum at Alamogordo. Provision is also made for the issuance of certificates of indebtedness in denominations of \$50, with interest at the rate of six percentum, payable in five years. These are for the purpose of caring for the deficit in the state revenues, until the income and the expense of the state can be adjusted.

To Settle County Boundaries.

Senate bill No. 180, introduced by Mr. Navarro, provides for a commission consisting of the distrect attorneys and the county surveyors in the districts and counties affected, to settled any boundary lines in dispute between the different counties. They serve without additional compensation and the counties interested bear the expense jointly. Senate bill No. 185, introduced by Mr. Crampton, is the corrupt practices act. It provides a penalty of a fine of from \$50 to \$500, and a jail sentence for from two to six months, and distranchisement for a person guilty of briblery in any of the following cases: To directly or indirectly offer, give, lend or promise any money or valuable consideration, or any place, office or employment to or for any voter in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting for or against any candiof New Mexico to contract debts in excess of specific appropriations, except
that in the case of the penitentiary,
the blind asylum, the reform school, the
insane asylum and the deaf and dumb
asylum, food and clothing for the inmates may be purchased on the credit
of the state, provided the governor approve of a formal resolution providing
for such purchase.

Bushs of Education.
Senate substitute for senate bill No. Burds of Education.

Senate substitute for senate bill No.
34, original introduced by Mr. Hinkle, provides that boards of education in cities shall consist of five members elected at large from such city. The school election date is fixed as the first Tuesday in April, and next year, at the election five members shall be elected, two for a term of two years, and three for four years, with elections to succeed those whose terms expire on the first Tuesday in April of each odd numbered year. provides that incorporated cities, towns and villages may issue bonds for the construction or purchase of water or sewer systems, whenever at a regular election a majority of the taxpaying electors so decide. The honds may not carry more than six percent interest, and the city council is authorized to levy a tax for interest and sinking fund.

Sorate will No. 85 introduced by Me.

seven years.

Senate substitute for senate bill No.
28, original introduced by Mr. Holt, makes it a felony with a term of imprisonment of from 25 to 50 years, for any person to use explasives or deadly weapons in b easing or attempting to break juli or escape from a penal into offer stitution, or for any person to furnish to imprisoned persons any explosives or deadly weapons.

Repealing Laws Co. loyment to or for any voter in or ployment to or for any toter in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting for or against any candidate, party ticket, proposition, question or constitutional amendment, or to offer, give, lend or promise, etc., on account of any voter having so voted or refrained from voting at any election.

from despair to hope. (When not extreme many cases recover under the flemal Compound alone.)
The substance of the formula surrounds each bottle.

Kelly & Pollard, wholesale and revised agents, will fill prescriptions and unply parenthlets.

John J. Fulton Co., San Francisco.

Or deadly weapons.

Repealing Laws; Creek Renamed.
Senate bill No. 116eld, declares that whenever an act is repealed, which repealed a former act, such former act is not thereby revived, unless it shall be expressly so provided.

Senate bill No. 112, introduced by Mr. Lifeld, declares that whenever an act is repealed, which repealed a former act, such former act is not thereby revived, unless it shall be expressly so provided.

Senate bill No. 112, introduced by Mr. Lifeld, declares that whenever an act is repealed, which repealed a former act, such former act is not thereby refrained for any other person in the consideration that he shall vote or refrained from voting, or has voted or refrained from voting for any candidate, senate bill No. 112, introduced by Mr. Lifeld, declares that whenever an act is repealed, which repealed a former act, such former act is not thereby refrained from voting for any candidate, senate bill No. 112, introduced by Mr. Lifeld, declares that whenever an act is repealed, which repealed a former act, such form Must Not Accept Brilies,

Cambidates' Expenses' Cut.

Cambidates' Expenses' Cut.

Any candidate who expends more than 10 percentum of one year's salary of the office he is seeking, in causing or to aid in securing his election, excepting actual traveling expenses and hotel bills is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined in any sum not exceeding \$500. Also every candidate not less than five nor more than 10 d-ys prior to an election must file a financial statement in detail of all moneys expended, paid out or contributed, and within 30 days after a like sworn statement in detail. These statements must be filed in duplicate with the person authorized to issue the certificates of election and with the county clerk of the county where the candidate resides. Failure to do as above stated is a misdemeanor, fineable in any sum up to \$500, and such person may not take his office, nor receive any of the emoluments thereof until such statements are filed. Campaign committees, consisting of

Campaign committees, consisting of two or more persons, interested and working for the election or defeat of any person or class or number of persons, must appoint and maintain a treasurer who shall receive and disburse all money, and failure to have all money pass through the hands of the treasurer, is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500. Proper records, of all money must be kept by the treasurer and within 30 days after any election sworn detailed statements of all receipts and expenditures must be filed together with a statement of all unpaid debts, must be filed with the secretary of state and the county treasurer and such statements are public property and open to inspection at all reasonable hours. Failure to keep such treasurer's accounts, or to mutihate or destroy the books, of failure to file the above statements are punishable by a fine of from \$50 to \$500, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

Industrial Education. or both.

Industrial Education.

Industrial Education.

Senate bill No. 187, introduced by Mr. Hartt, provides for a system of industrial education. It authorizes the state board of education to prescribe and adopt such a course for the public schools of the state and require its teaching in the schools. It provides for the appointment of a state superintendent of industrial education, defines his duties and fixes his compensation.

Senate bill No. 188, introduced by Mr. lifeld, fixes the term of office of members of the state board of education other than the governor and superintendent of public instruction at four years, and provides that the terms of the members first appointed shall expire on the second Monday of January after the next general election.

To Protect State in Prosceptions.

To Protect State la Prosccutions. Senate bill No. 120, introduced by the judiciary committee, provides that where an indictment is tost, misland, or destroyed the prosecution of the case shall not be discontinued if a copy of the case shall not be discontinued if a copy of the indictment can be secured which is satisfactory to the court as a true cepy. Also where indictment is fost or destroyed, or judgment arrested or indictment quashed for any defect there.

dictment shall not be included in computing the period limited for the prozecution of the offence last charged provided the last offence charged grows out of or is founded on the same transaction upon which the first indictment was founded.

Senate bill No. 195, introduced by Mr. Euris, provides that bribery to obtain any opinion, ludgment or decree of any judge or justice of the peace, or bribery to secure, obtain, or influence the vote for any alderman, or member of the state legislature shall constitute a felony and shall be punishable by imprisonment for from one to five years. Or any person who receives a bribe to influence action in any of the cases above stated is also guilty in like manner with the same penalty.

stated is also guilty in like manner with the same penalty.

That Language Restriction.

House substitute for senate joint resolution No. 5, provides that at the election this fall, the people of the state shall vote on the question of removing from the constitution the language restriction found in article 21, section 5, which provides that the ability to read, write, speak and understand the English language shall be a necessary qualification for state officers and members of the legislature. Senate substitute for house bill No. 6, introduced by Llewellyn, fixes the time for holding the terms of court in the third judicial district.

Inspectors of Bees.

Inspectors of Rees.

House bill No. 2, by Mr. Mullens, relates to the inspection of bees, creates the office of county inspector of bees and aplaries, provides for the prevention and spread of bee diseases, with penalties, it also provides that the county commissioners shall make a small appropriation for the payment of the per diem of the inspector.

Sensie substitute for house bill No. 19, originally introduced by Mr. Chaves, defines the crime of perjury and provides penalties therefor. This is the same as the present law, except that testimony taken by legislative committees is added to the scope of the act. Inspectors of Bees.

House bill No. 15, introduced Mr. Skidmore, provides that employes may have two hours in which to vote except that the employer may designate the two hours during which the employer may absent himself.

Regulating Hours of Service.

House bill No. 1a, introduced by Mr. Skidmore, is the hours of service bill. It is the 16 hour how, and requires railroads after employes have been on duty for 16 hours to have 10 hours rest before being again called, nor are employed. the act.

House bill No. 15, introduced Mr. Skidmore, provides that employes may have two hours in which to vote except that the employer may designate the two hours during which the employe may absent himself.

If an old sore existed simply because the flesh was diseased at that particular spot, it would be an easy matter to apply some remedy directly to the place that would kill the germs; or the diseased flesh might be removed by a surgical operation and a cure effected. But the very fact that old sores resist every form of local or external treatment, and even return after being cut away, shows that back of them is a morbid cause which must be removed before a cure can result. Just as long as the pollution continues in the blood, the ulcer remains an open cesspool for the deposit of impurities which the circulation throws off. S. S. S. cures Okl Scres by purifying the blood. It removes every trace of impurity and taint from

the circulation, and thus completely does away with the cause. S.S.S. has cleansed the blood, the sore begins to heal, and it is not a surface cure, but the healing process begins at the bottom; soon the discharge ceases, the inflammation leaves, and the place fills in with firm, healthy flesh. Under the purifying and tonic effects of S. S. S. the system is built up, and those whose health has been impaired by the drain and worry of an old sore will be doubly benefited by its use. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

eer, in order to change the place of diversion of the water, provided by so doing they do not appropriate more water than the account was originally entitled to.

Such Proof as This Should Convince ployes allowed to work more than 18 hours out of any 24 except to protect life or property in the case of an accident

water than the acequia was originally entitled to.

Game and Fish Laws.

House substitute for house bill No. 128, original introduced by Mr. Liewellyn, provides the game and fish laws for the state. It provides for the appointment of a game and fish warden at \$2,000 a year, with deputies much as the old law provided. Hunting licenses are required as under the territory, and the open seasons are given. Antelope, ells, pheasant, bob white quail, wild pigeon, and prairie chickens are protected for five years from the passage of the act. Ducks are pinced on the protected list, and may be hunted only from September 1 to March 31 of each year, Guides, fees and penalties are provided for and the details of the bill are too numerous and too important to be given here.

Senate substitute for house substitute for house bills Nos. 204 and 239, originals introduced by Messrs, Rogers and Burg, provides for the formation of drainage districts, and affects thousands of acres in the Riq Grande and Pecos valleys, but was rewritten and juggled around so much during its momentous passage through the legislature that no copies are available except the original now in the hands of the secretary of state.

Legal Advisor to Governor.

House bill No. 210, introduced by Mr. Liewellyn, provides for a legal advisor to gate a state of the secretary of state. House bill No. 24, introduced by Mr. skidmore, is intended to prevent suits entailing garnishment proceedings from being brought outside of New Mexico, where both parties to the suit live in the state. where both parties to the suit it the state.

House bill No. 29, introduced by Mr. Chaves, provides for the payment of the per diem and mileage of the Heutenant governor and the members of the legislature, and the per diem of the employes of the legislature. It calls for a total appropriation of \$57,255.49, or as much thereof as may be necessary.

Bonds Fund Debts.

House bill No. 41, introduced by R. L.

Bonds Fund Bebts.

House bill No. 41, introduced by R. L. Bacz (by request) is the bond bill. It provides for the issuance of the three series of bonds provided for in the constitution—Series A to provide for the payment or refunding of the debts and liabilities of the territory of New Mexico, valid and outstanding on June 20, 1510 series B, to provide for the payment of the debts of the counties of New Mexico, and aeries C to provide for the payment of the debts of the counties of of the payment of the bonds issued by Grant and Santa Fo counties In order to ascertain the exact amount of indebtedness the state loan commission is created, consisting of the attorney general, the state auditor and the state treasurer. The loan commissioners fix the rate of interest on the bonds but it cannot exceed 5 percent. The life time of the bonds is 40 years, but series A and B may be redeemed after 20 years, and series C after 10 years. Provision is made for an annual advalorem tax on all property sufficient to raise one year's interest on all bonds outstanding, and after 20 years have passed, to raise at least 5 percentum of the principal of the bonds outstanding.

BiackHating Is Probibited.

House bill No. 210, introduced by Mr. Lleweilyn, provides for a legal advisor for the governor at a salary of \$2,000 a year, who must have been a practicing attorney in the state three years before his appointment. He may be appointed and removed at the pleasure of the governor, and the senate does not have to confirm.

Senate bill No. 211, latroduced by Mr. Lleweilyn, amends section 16, chap-

Senate bill No. 211, latroduced by Mr. Llewellyn, amends section 16, chapter 117 laws of 37th legislative assembly, relating to the the incorporating of villages so as to repeal all acts relating to incorporating except chapter 33, laws of 1991, providing however that this does not disincorporate any town or village incorporated under the provisions of any of the sections repealed. House bill No. 44, introduced by Nichols, prohiblis blacklisting, except that one employer may inform another of the true reason why any employe of the true reason why any employe left his service.

House bill No. 53, introduced by Messrs. Goodell and Boulware, provides that the beard of lean commissioners, authorized by act No. 41 above shall determine the amount of money paid by Grant and Luna counties as interest on the bonds of Grant county, and having determined this amount, shall issue bonds of series C in that amount, which bonds shall be paid as in the manner provided in the bond bill No. 41. These bonds issued to pay this interest paid by these two counties shall be turned over to the county commissioners of

Bincklisting Is Prohibited.

over to the county commissioners of the two counties subject to their or

House bill No. 65, introduced by Mr. Skidmore, provides that the 12th day of October each year shall be a legal heliday to be known as Columbus day. House bill No. 77, introduced by Mr.

Regulating Oil and Gas Wells.

Substitute for house bill No. 111, originally introduced by Mr. Toombs, appropriates \$2300 for the expenses of the legislature investigating committee which investigated the charges against the four members charged with bribery.

Water Rent as Property Lien.

House bill No. 153, originaly intro-uced by Mr. Burg, was rewritten in

Irrigation District Regulations.

Columbus Day; Streum Gaging.

under the provisions of any of the sections repealed.

Inspector of Mines.

House substitute for house bill No. 313, introduced by Messrs. Young and Cooney, provides for the appointment of an inspector of mines, at a salary of \$2,900 a year, outlines his duties and provides rules and regulations for the department of mines which heretofore has been a federal position.

House bill No. 249, introduced by Mr. Burg, provides standards for coal oil and gasoline, provides penaities for violation of these standards, and authorizes the professor of chemistry at any of the state institutions to make the state institutions to make the state institutions to make the state of the state institutions to make the state institutions to make the state of the state institutions to make the state of the state institutions to make the state of the state institutions to make the state of House bill No. 77, introduced by Mr. Manxanares, appropriates the sum of \$15,099 annually for gaging the streams of New Mexico and investigating the flow of the underground waters, under the direction of the state engineer. House bill No. 99, introduced by Mr. Hilton defines public roads by declaring that all roads which have been in constant use by the traveling public by rehicles for a period of more than two years are public roads, and that it is the duty of the county commissioners to place at the forks of all public roads, index boards.

House bill No. 107, introduced by Mr. Campbell, provides that owners of stallons, jacks, bulls, boars and rams, shall have a lien on animals bred by such stallion, etc., and the progeny for a period of nine months after the birth of the progeny, for the payment of the service fee.

County Horticultural Boards,

County Horticultural Boards.

House bill No. 259, introduced by Mr. Chrisman, relates to county boards of horticulture, and amends existing law, but its provisions are not given here for the reason that the only available copy is the original in the hunds of the secretary of state.

House bill No. 262, introduced by R. L. Baca, provides that the board of trustees of the town of Las Vegas must invest all moneys now on hand, and all hereafter received, in interest bearing bonds and said moneys shall constitute a permanent school fund.

House bill No. 265, introduced by M. E. Baca, authorizes commissioners of any community ditch to grant water for irrigation free of charge to blind men or their widows.

House bill No. 282, introduced by Mr. Burg, provides that the traveling auditor shall prescribe and instal a uniform system of accounting and reporting for all county officials and all penal, reformatory educational and charitable institutions, and shall re-Hegulating Oil and Gas Wells.
House bill No. 110, introduced by Mr.
Young, provides that oil and gas wells shall be cased so as to exclude water, and that when abandoned, must be filled with sand or rock sediment to 10 feet above the top of oil or gas strats.

the legislature investigating committee which investigated the charges against the four members charged with bribery.

House bill No. 112, introduced by Mr. Cooney, authorizes the district court to adjudicate interests in townsites where the title is vested in the probate court or county judge.

Bonds for School Houses,
House bill No. 122, introduced by R. L. Bace, provides that any school district may issue bonds for the purpose of creeting a school building, furnishing it, or purchasing a site for a school provided that the bond issue shall not increase the bonded indobtedness of the district including outstanding indebtedness, to more than 6 percentum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property.

Senate substitute for house bill No. 2000. House b

roperty.
Senate substitute for house bill No.
24. originally introduced by R. L.
Baca, fixes the time for holding the
erms of the district court in the first County Teachers' Normal institute has concluded its sessions, the meeting having been the most successful that was ever held in the county. All of the sessions were held in the Belen public school building. Saturaino Baca, superintendent of the schools of the county, expressed himself as well pleased with the work which has been done. To Protect Rio Grande Banks.

House bill No. 146, introduced by Mr. Trujillo, appropriates the sum of \$18,-600 for the improvement of the Rio Grande, divided among the following countles: Bernalillo, Rio Arriba, Sandoval, Taos, Valencia, Socorro, Sierra and Dona Ana.

House bill No. 147, introduced by Mr. Burg, is the county survey bill. It authorizes the county commissioners to employ a competent surveyor to survey lands of the county, and a special levy is authorized to care for the expense of the survey.

which has been done.

Miss Grumbles, who during the past
year taught in the Belen schools, acted as instructor during the institute.
The enrolment at the institute was 42,

which is a record attendance for Va-During the last few days of the in-stitute the organization which is tificates were held, the examinations being conducted by Mr. Baca in per-

son. A class of 34 took the examina-tions. The papers will be forwarded by Mr. Baca to the state board of ed-ucation, which will issue the certificates. During the last session of the in

stitute the organization which is known as the Valencia County Teachknown as the Valencia County Teachers' association held a business meeting for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. The Iollowing persons were chosen:

President, Frank Sanchez; vice-president, Manuel Sanchez; treasurer, Miss Sara Baca; executive committee, Fred Baca, Mrs. Lucy Lies, and M. Chaves. On Tuesday the committee which was appointed some time ago by the board of commissioners of Valencia

House bill No. 153, originally introduced by Mr. Burg. was rewritten in
both houses, and as passed modifies the
present law which makes water rent a
lian on the property. As amended, the
cwner is not liable for the water rent,
if he notifies the water company that
the house is to be vacated on a certain
date, and also back water rent does not
have to be paid before the water can
be turned on for a new tenant.
House bill No. 165, introduced by Mr.
Skidmore, provides that railroad cuploye, when necessarily absent from
the precinct in which he is registered
on election day, may vote in any precinct where he may present himself under regulations which are prescribed.
House bill No. 168, introduced by Mr.
Burg, cedes to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over property used or
occupied by the United States, for postoffices, federal buildings, etc.
House bill No. 179, introduced by Mr.
Hilton, extends the time in which deeds
may be secured from the city of Socorro grant to five years from March 18, was appointed some time age by the board of commissioners of Valencia county to secure the right of way for the proposed Camino real through this county, as surveyed by the state engineer, will meet in Los Lunas and make its report to the comissioners. It is understood that this report will advise the abandonment of the surveyed route in a number of places, and a return to the present road, while in others the new road will be recommended. The report will be made in this way on account of some difficulties which have been met with in this way on account of some diffi-culties which have been met with in securing the right of way as it was originally surveyed. However, in the main, the report will recommend the new road. It is also understood that there will be some opposition to this form of a report within the committee, so that it is possible that the board of commissioners may order the com-mittee to continue the work, in which mittee to continue the work, in which case the report which will be offered will not be accepted.

In addition to the Camino real mat-

In addition to the Camino real matter, the commissioners will have other
matters of importance for consideration. One is the county bridge at this
point. It is possible that some definite action may be taken to repair the
old bridge or for the erection of a
new one in the same vicinity. A number of citizens of Balen will be in attendance upan the session of the board
Almost daily rains continue in this
section of the valley, and as a result section of the valley, and as a result nuch good is being accomplished. The ains are more abundant and frequent this season than they usually are thus giving the farmers better oppor tunities for developing their crops.
One disadvantage is being experienced by some of the farmers of the valley. Since the appearance of the worms in the orchards a short time worms in the orchards a short time ago it has been necessary for the fruit growers to keep a very careful watch. The worms have been very largely overcome, but not entirely so largely comes back. Get HEM-It is necessary to spray often, and as long as continue it does no good to spray. Consequently the worms are gaining headway. However, it will be some time before any serious and distributors, and all drug-

The Sunday school of the Methodist for booklet.

Such Proof as This Should Convince Any Ei Puso Citizen.

The public endorsement of a local citizen is the best proof that can be produced. None better, none stronger can be had. When a man comes forward and testifies to his fellow-citizens, addresses his friends and neighbors, you may be sure he is thoroughly convinced or he would not do so. Telling one's experience when it is for the public good is an act of kindness that should be appreciated. The following statement given by a resident of El Paso adds one more to the many cases of Home Endorsement which are being published about Doan's Kidney Pills. Read it.

W. T. Kitchen, U. S. Custom Inspector El Paso, Texas, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills for various kidney complaints and found them very beneficial.

Ridney Pills for various kidney complaints and found them very beneficial. I had pains in my back and when I went to Ward's Pharmacy, I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, Their use as directed greatly relieved me. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills because they do just as represented."

For sale by all dealers, Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. take no other.

church is planning to hold its annual picnic on next Thursday, the fourth of July. A suitable place has been se-cured, and a large number are planning

to attend.

Alfalfa and wool seem to be good crops in and around Beien this season, judging from the shipments of both articles which are now being made from this point. Every day carload shipments are being made, and some days several carloads are shipped out. The largest shipper is the John Becker company, which is ship-ping more this year than usual.

TULAROSA YOUNG PEOPLE ROLL DOWN SAND HILLS Merry Party Spends a Night on the

White Sands.

Tularosa, N. M., July 1.—A large crowd of Tularosa people went on a picnic to the White Sands. The crowd left here at 6:30 oclock and reached the White Sands at 9:30 oclock. They then ate their lunch on the ground and spent several hours rolling down the sandhills. They returned home at 5 oclock in the morning. The crowd was composed of Mrs. J. J. Sanders, Mrs. Charley Goakes, Mrs. Mary Gunton, Mrs. Charley Goakes, Mrs. Mary Gunton, Mrs. Alvie Sitton, Mrs. Annie Clark, Misses Mac and Nell Sanders, Dora Harris, Buela Hyde, Doppie Cooper, Nettie Johnson, Marguerite Gunton, Ruth and Marguerite Prude, Miss Weaver, Agnes Martin, Abbey Meek, Jemmie Abbott, Mary Talley, Dan McGuire, Rev. Mr. Graham, Joe McGuire, Curtis Johnson, Cuba Clayton, Will and Barney and Ed. Sanders, P. G. Perry and Alvey Setton. Johnsie Harper, a wealthy Indian, is here from Fort Sill, Okla., with his family. They made the trip overland in a hack. They have been at Mescalero visiting the Apache Indians.

The sewing circle was entertained at

The sewing circle was entertained at the home of Mrs. T. B. Moek. Those present were: Mrs. Frank Hilburn. Misses Maud Abbott, Edith Long. Emma Hilburn, Gracie Long and Mrs. T.

Mrs. Walter Hyde, who was taken to El Paso two weeks ago to have an operation performed, is now improving and may not be operated upon.
C. C. Davis is here from the San Adraes as guest of Jemmie Cooper.
Will Sanders is on the sick list this

Miss Darcos Cooper is expected home from San Adraes, where she went to visit Mrs. George Stone and family. Matt Gilmore is here from the Ruidoso

visiting his brotherinlaw, Alvis Linam and family.

E. B. Vigil is on the sick list this

Dora Harris and Buela Hyde will eave Wednesday for the Ruidoso to take in the celbration. J. B. Blea and family moved from

the Vigil residence into Eli Knight's residence, recently vacated by Arthur Douglass and family.

T. M. Shields left Monday for Lincoln to transact business.

Belen, N. M., July 1.—The Valencia George Elkins spent a day here from the Flying H raneh, transacting busi-Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Lentz and two daughters, Etheline and Samuella, expect to leave soon for the Ruidoso to

> Verner Clayton has bought the ice business from the J. W. Prude Mercantile company. Col. Patton is here from Bent as guest

visit friends.

of Andy Wilson.

Miss Doppie Cooper expects to leave soon for Glencoe to visit Mrs. Tulley and family. Miss Marguerite Martin has arrived here from El Paso, en route to Mescalero to visit her sister, Mrs. George Elkins. While here she was the guest of Mrs.

T. M. Shields. A. A. Gossard spent a day here from El Paso looking over the valley.
George Munroe is here from Mexico on
a visit to his wife and children.

Jim Cooper will leave Tuesday for Ruidoso to spend the fourth. C. C. McQullen, Tri-State Telephone manager, spent a day here from Alac mogordo looking over the telephone sys-

R. S. Connell is in Lincoln on busic D. D. Harkness is on the sick list Mrs. Letha Kemp and children are exe

pected to arrive soon from Texas on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Abbott and family. Raney Fields, water boss, has left for Lincoln to attend the water suit. Manuela Wright and son, Dewey, have returned home from Elephant Butte, where they have been on an extended

visit to relatives. Commissioner J. J. Sanders is at Linooln attending the water suit.

Mrs. Myral Stacks and children are expected soon from Texas to visit rela-

tives here. Mrs. G. W. Young left last week for St. Louis, Mo., on a visit to her husband, G. W. Young.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Rutherford, Misses Hazel Briscoe and Ethel White left Monday for Ruidoso to camp and fish

for a week and also to take in the cele-Father Maieon has left for Lincoln, N. M., to visit old friends and to be present at the water suit.

ESCAPED PRISONER IS RECAPTURED BY POLICE L. Rdriguez, a county jail prisoner, who made his escape from that jail about three days ago, was captured by the police Sunday and placed in the city He was turned over to the county

Fiendish Pain of Piles.

Done Away With By a Pleasant Internal Medleine, All the worst tortures of human life.

it will be some time before any serious & Pollard, distributors, and all drug-damage is done, even though it remains glass, under guaranty. Dr. Leonhardt menossible to spray.